

SMAP

October 5, 2010

GBM

Glioblastoma multiforme array CGH data

Description

Array CGH data measurements of glioblastoma multiforme sample G24460.

Usage

```
data(GBM)
```

Source

Genome wide array CGH data from Diaz de Stahl, T., et al. (2005).

References

Diaz de Stahl, T., et al. (2005) Chromosome 22 tiling-path array-CGH analysis identifies germline- and tumor-specific aberrations in patients with glioblastoma multiforme. *Genes Chromosomes Cancer* **44**(2), 161–169

See Also

[smap](#)

Examples

```
data(GBM)
observations <- SMAPObservations(value=as.numeric(GBM[,2]),
                                chromosome=as.character(GBM[,3]),
                                startPosition=as.numeric(GBM[,4]),
                                endPosition=as.numeric(GBM[,5]),
                                name="G24460",
                                reporterId=as.character(GBM[,1]))

plot(observations)
```

`SMAPHMM-class`*Class "SMAPHMM": A class to manage HMMs for the SMAP package*

Description

Holds parameters for a Hidden Markov Model (HMM) used in the **SMAP** package.

Objects from the Class

Objects should not be created directly but via the constructor function [SMAPHMM](#).

Slots

A: Object of class "matrix" The transition probability matrix between states.

Pi: Object of class "numeric" The initial probabilities of starting in a certain state.

Phi: Object of class "matrix" A matrix that specifies the parameters of Gaussian distributions associated with each hidden state. The first column specifies standard deviations, the second specifies means.

noStates: Object of class "numeric" The number of hidden states in the HMM.

Z: Object of class "matrix" Matrix of transition probabilities.

Y: Object of class "numeric" Vector of initial probabilities.

eta: Object of class "ANY". Internal slot.

grad: Object of class "ANY". Internal slot.

Methods

A signature(object = "SMAPHMM"): Returns the transition matrix.

Pi signature(object = "SMAPHMM"): Returns the initial probabilities.

Phi signature(object = "SMAPHMM"): Returns the distribution parameter matrix.

noStates signature(object = "SMAPHMM"): Returns the number of hidden states in the HMM.

Author(s)

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References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

See Also

[smap](#), [SMAPHMM](#)

`SMAPHMM`*Constructor for "SMAPHMM" objects*

Description

A constructor for `SMAPHMM-class` objects.

Usage

```
SMAPHMM(noStates, Phi, A=NULL,  
        Pi=rep(1/noStates,noStates),  
        initTrans=0.2/(noStates - 1))
```

Arguments

<code>noStates</code>	The number of hidden states in the HMM (numeric).
<code>Phi</code>	A Gaussian distribution parameter matrix (numeric).
<code>A</code>	A <code>noStates * noStates</code> matrix of transition probabilities between the hidden states (numeric).
<code>Pi</code>	A vector of initial probabilities of starting in a certain state (numeric).
<code>initTrans</code>	Specifies the transition probability between non-equal states (numeric).

Details

`Phi` is a `noStates * 2` matrix that specifies the parameters of Gaussian distributions associated with each hidden state. The first column specifies standard deviations, the second specifies means.

If `A == NULL`, `initTrans` specifies the transition probability between states `i` and `j` in `1:noStates`, such that `i != j`. Only used if `A == NULL`. `initTrans * noStates` must be smaller than (or equal to) 1.

Value

An object of class `SMAPHMM-class`.

Author(s)

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References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

See Also

`smap`, `SMAPHMM-class`, `SMAPObservations-class`

SMAPObservations-class

Class "SMAPObservations": A class to manage microarray observations for the SMAP package

Description

Holds observed microarray intensity ratios and clone annotations for the **SMAP** package.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("SMAPObservations", value, chromosome, startPosition, endPosition, name, reporterId)`. Values for internal slots (see below) are not intended to be passed upon construction. You can also use the convenience function [SMAPObservations](#).

Slots

value: Object of class "numeric" Microarray intensity ratios.
chromosome: Object of class "character" Associated chromosomes for the observations.
startPosition: Object of class "numeric" Associated start positions for the observations.
endPosition: Object of class "numeric" Associated end positions for the observations.
reporterId: Object of class "character" Identifiers of the observations, e.g., probe ids.
name: Object of class "character" An identifier of the observation set.
noObservations: Object of class "numeric" The number of observations in the set.
chrom.start: Object of class "numeric". Internal slot.
chroms: Object of class "character". Internal slot.
distance: Object of class "numeric". Internal slot.
noOverlaps: Object of class "numeric". Internal slot.
overlaps: Object of class "numeric". Internal slot.
overlapIds: Object of class "numeric". Internal slot.
startOverlaps: Object of class "numeric". Internal slot.

Methods

value signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the values of the observations.

chromosome signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the chromosome annotations of the observations.

startPosition signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the start positions of the observations.

endPosition signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the end positions of the observations.

reporterId signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the identifiers of the observations.

name signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the name of the observation set.

noObservations signature(object = "SMAPObservations"): Returns the number of observations in the set.

initialize signature(.Object = "SMAPObservations"): Creates an instance.

plot signature(x = "SMAPObservations", y = "missing"): A plot method for the observations.

[signature(x = "SMAPPObservations"): Creates a new object of class SMAPObservations with extracted elements as specified by the indices provided.

Author(s)

Robin Andersson, <robin.andersson@lcb.uu.se>

References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

See Also

[smap](#), [SMAPObservations](#)

SMAPObservations *Constructor for "SMAPObservations" objects*

Description

A constructor for [SMAPObservations-class](#) objects.

Usage

```
SMAPObservations(value, chromosome, startPosition, endPosition,
                 name=character(0),
                 reporterId=as.character(1:length(value)))
```

Arguments

value	A vector of microarray intensity ratios (numeric).
chromosome	A vector of chromosome annotations (character).
startPosition	A vector of start positions (numeric).
endPosition	A vector of end positions (numeric).
name	The name of the observation set (character).
reporterId	A vector of observation identifiers, e.g., probe ids (character).

Details

The vectors `value`, `chromosome`, `startPosition`, `endPosition`, and `reporterId` must be of equal length.

Value

An object of class `SMAPObservations-class`.

Author(s)

Robin Andersson, <robin.andersson@lcb.uu.se>

References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

See Also

[smap](#), [SMAPObservations-class](#), [SMAPHMM-class](#)

Examples

```
## Load Glioblastoma multiforme data
data(GBM)
observations <- SMAPObservations(value=as.numeric(GBM[,2]),
                                chromosome=as.character(GBM[,3]),
                                startPosition=as.numeric(GBM[,4]),
                                endPosition=as.numeric(GBM[,5]),
                                name="G24460",
                                reporterId=as.character(GBM[,1]))

## plot observations
plot(observations, ylim=c(0,2))
## plot subset of observations (chromosome 9)
ids <- which(chromosome(observations) == "9")
plot(observations[ids])
```

SMAPProfile-class *Class "SMAPProfile"*

Description

Holds results from running [smap](#).

Objects from the Class

Objects are not intended to be created directly but as a result from running [smap](#).

Slots

HMM: Object of class "SMAPHMM"
observations: Object of class "SMAPObservations"
P: Object of class "numeric" The log joint posterior probability of the state sequence Q and parameters of HMM given the observations.
Q: Object of class "numeric" The optimal state sequence (path) in the HMM.
name: Object of class "character" The name of the object.

Methods

P signature(object = "SMAPProfile"): Returns the log joint posterior probability.
Q signature(object = "SMAPProfile"): Returns the optimal state sequence.
HMM signature(object = "SMAPProfile"): Returns the optimized HMM.
name signature(object = "SMAPProfile"): Returns the name of the profile.
observations signature(object = "SMAPProfile"): Returns the observations.
plot signature(x = "SMAPProfile", y = "missing"): A plot method for the result profile.
[signature(x = "SMAPProfile"): Creates a new object of class SMAPProfile with extracted elements as specified by the indices provided.

Author(s)

Robin Andersson, <robin.andersson@lcb.uu.se>

References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

See Also

[smap](#), [SMAPProfiles-class](#)

SMAPProfiles-class *Class "SMAPProfiles"*

Description

Holds results from running [smap](#).

Objects from the Class

Objects are not intended to be created directly but as a result from running [smap](#).

Slots

.Data: Object of class "list" A list of objects of class [SMAPProfile-class](#).
name: Object of class "character" The name of the object.

Extends

Class "list", from data part. Class "vector", by class "list".

Methods

Q signature(object = "SMAPProfiles"): Returns the optimal state sequence of the list elements.

observations signature(object = "SMAPProfiles"): Returns the observations of the list elements.

name signature(object = "SMAPProfiles"): Returns the name of the profile.

plot signature(x = "SMAPProfiles", y = "missing"): A plot method for the result profiles.

Author(s)

Robin Andersson, <robin.andersson@lcb.uu.se>

References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

See Also

[smap](#), [SMAPProfile-class](#)

smap

smap: A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling

Description

This function fits a Hidden Markov Model (HMM) to a set of observed microarray intensity ratios and outputs the most plausible state sequence in the HMM through segmental a posteriori maximization.

Briefly, given an HMM with initial parameter settings *lambda* and a set of observations *O*, the method alternates maximization of the joint posterior probability of the state sequence *Q* and *lambda* given *O*, $p(Q, \lambda | O)$, over *Q* (using a modified Viterbi algorithm) and *lambda* (using a gradient descent scheme with individual learning rate adaptation).

Usage

```
smap(x, Obs, sd.min=0.05, mean.sd=0.05,
     max.iters=Inf, gd.max.iters=Inf, tau=0.05,
     eta=0.01, e.change=0.5, e.same=1.2,
     e.min=0.0001, e.max=0.5, adaptive=TRUE,
     overlap=TRUE, distance=TRUE, chrom.wise=FALSE,
     verbose=1, L=5000000)
```


Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object of class <code>SMAPHMM-class</code> .
<code>Obs</code>	An object of class <code>SMAPObservations-class</code> .
<code>sd.min</code>	The minimum allowed standard deviation of state associated Gaussian distributions (numeric).
<code>mean.sd</code>	Prior standard deviation of state associated Gaussian means (numeric).
<code>max.iters</code>	Maximum number of iterations in the SMAP algorithm (numeric).
<code>gd.max.iters</code>	Maximum number of iterations in the gradient descent algorithm per SMAP iteration (numeric).
<code>tau</code>	Minimum log probability improvement required in the SMAP and gradient descent optimization (numeric).
<code>eta</code>	Initial learning rate in the gradient descent optimization (numeric).
<code>e.change</code>	Multiplier for individual learning rate adaptation if the sign of partial derivative changes (numeric). Only used if <code>adaptive == TRUE</code> .
<code>e.same</code>	Multiplier for individual learning rate adaptation if the sign of partial derivative stays the same (numeric). Only used if <code>adaptive == TRUE</code> .
<code>e.min</code>	Minimum allowed learning rate (numeric).
<code>e.max</code>	Maximum allowed learning rate (numeric).
<code>adaptive</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , individual learning rate adaptation according to Algorithm 1 in Bagos et al. (2004) is used in the gradient descent optimization.
<code>overlap</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , genomic overlap of clones is considered in the optimization.
<code>distance</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , genomic distance between clones is considered in the optimization, in terms of distance based transition probabilities.
<code>chrom.wise</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , the observations are analyzed chromosome-wise rather than genome-wise.
<code>verbose</code>	Specifies the amount of output produced; 0 means no information and 3 a lot of information (numeric).
<code>L</code>	A positive length parameter that controls the convergence of distance based transition probabilities towards $1 / \text{noStates}(x)$ (numeric).

Details

`sd.min`, `mean.sd`, and `eta` must all be greater than 0. `tau` must be greater than 0 if `max.iters` or `gd.max.iters` are infinite, and can be 0 otherwise. If `adaptive` is `TRUE`, then `e.change` is required to be in the interval (0,1], `e.same` must be greater than or equal to 1, and `e.max` must be greater than 0.

Value

The method returns an object of class `SMAPProfile-class` or `SMAPProfiles-class` if `chrom.wise` is set to `FALSE` or `TRUE`, respectively.

Author(s)

Robin Andersson <robin.andersson@lcb.uu.se>

References

Andersson, R., Bruder, C. E. G., Piotrowski, A., Menzel, U., Nord, H., Sandgren, J., Hvidsten, T. R., Diaz de Stahl, T., Dumanski, J. P., Komorowski, J., A Segmental Maximum A Posteriori Approach to Array-CGH Copy Number Profiling, submitted

Bagos P. G., Liakopoulos T. D., Hamodrakas, S. J. (2004) Faster Gradient Descent Training of Hidden Markov Models, Using Individual Learning Rate Adaptation. In Paliouras, G., Sakakibara, Y., editors, *ICGI*, volume 3264 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 40–52.

See Also

[SMAPHMM](#), [SMAPObservations](#)

Examples

```
## Load Glioblastoma multiforme data
data(GBM)
observations <- SMAPObservations(value=as.numeric(GBM[,2]),
                                chromosome=as.character(GBM[,3]),
                                startPosition=as.numeric(GBM[,4]),
                                endPosition=as.numeric(GBM[,5]),
                                name="G24460",
                                reporterId=as.character(GBM[,1]))

plot(observations, ylim=c(0,2))
## Initiate HMM
init.means <- c(0.4, 0.7, 1, 1.3, 1.6, 3)
init.sds <- rep(0.1, 6)
phi <- cbind(init.means, init.sds)
hmm <- SMAPHMM(6, phi, initTrans=0.02)
hmm
## RUN SMAP:
profile <- smap(hmm, observations, verbose=2)
## genome profile
plot(profile, ylim=c(0,2))
## chromosome 9 profile
ids <- which(chromosome(observations) == "9")
plot(profile[ids], ylim=c(0,2), main="chromosome 9")
## output results for chromosome 9
#cbind(reporterId(observations[ids]), Q(profile[ids]))
```

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