## Package 'cinterpolate'

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Title Interpolation From C

Version 1.0.2

**Description** Simple interpolation methods designed to be used from C code. Supports constant, linear and spline interpolation. An R wrapper is included but this package is primarily designed to be used from C code using 'LinkingTo'. The spline calculations are classical cubic interpolation, e.g., Forsythe, Malcolm and Moler (1977) <ISBN: 9780131653320>.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

URL https://github.com/mrc-ide/cinterpolate

BugReports https://github.com/mrc-ide/cinterpolate/issues

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

Language en-GB

NeedsCompilation yes

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**Repository** CRAN

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interpolation\_function

Create an interpolation function

#### Description

Create an interpolation function, using the same implementation as would be available from C code. This will give very similar answers to R's splinefun function. This is not the primary intended use of the package, which is mostly designed for use from C/C++. This function primarily exists for testing this package, and for exploring the interface without writing C code.

#### Usage

```
interpolation_function(x, y, type, scalar = FALSE, fail_on_extrapolate = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

x	Independent variable			
У	Dependent variable			
type	Character string indicating the interpolation type ("constant", "linear" or "spline").			
scalar	Return a function that will compute only a single x input at a time. This is more similar to the C interface and is equivalent to dropping the first dimension of the output.			
fail_on_extrapolate Logical, indicating if extrapolation should cause an failure (rather than an value)				

#### Value

A function that can be used to interpolate the function(s) defined by x and y to new values of x.

#### Examples

```
# Some data to interpolate
x <- seq(0, 8, length.out = 20)
y <- sin(x)
xx <- seq(min(x), max(x), length.out = 500)
# Spline interpolation
f <- cinterpolate::interpolation_function(x, y, "spline")
plot(f(xx) ~ xx, type = "1")
lines(sin(xx) ~ xx, col = "grey", lty = 2)
points(y ~ x, col = "red", pch = 19, cex = 0.5)
# Linear interpolation
f <- cinterpolate::interpolation_function(x, y, "linear")
plot(f(xx) ~ xx, type = "1")
```

```
lines(sin(xx) ~ xx, col = "grey", lty = 2)
points(y ~ x, col = "red", pch = 19, cex = 0.5)
# Piecewise constant interpolation
f <- cinterpolate::interpolation_function(x, y, "constant")
plot(f(xx) ~ xx, type = "s")
lines(sin(xx) ~ xx, col = "grey", lty = 2)
points(y ~ x, col = "red", pch = 19, cex = 0.5)
# Multiple series can be interpolated at once by providing a</pre>
```

```
# matrix for 'y'. Each series is interpolated independently but
# simultaneously.
y <- cbind(sin(x), cos(x))
f <- cinterpolate::interpolation_function(x, y, "spline")
matplot(xx, f(xx), type = "l", lty = 1)
```

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