

# Package ‘dlim’

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**Title** Distributed Lag Interaction Model

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**Description** Collection of functions for fitting and interpreting distributed lag interaction models (DLIM). A DLIM regresses a scalar outcome on repeated measures of exposure and allows for modification by a continuous variable. Includes a dlim() function for fitting, predict() function for inference, and plotting functions for visualization. Details on methodology are described in Demateis et al. (2024) <[doi:10.1002/env.2843](https://doi.org/10.1002/env.2843)>.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

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**Imports** dlnm, ggplot2, lifecycle, mgcv, reshape2, rlang, splines, tsModel, viridis

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**URL** <https://ddemateis.github.io/dlim/>,  
<https://github.com/ddemateis/dlim>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/ddemateis/dlim/issues>

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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### Description

The package **dlim** contains functions to fit, perform inference and estimation on, and visualize a distributed lag interaction model (DLIM).

### Modelling framework

A distributed lag interaction model (DLIM) is an extension of a distributed lag model. A DLIM regresses an outcome onto repeated measures of an exposure and allows for associations to vary by a single continuous modifier. More details on methodology are provided in the reference listed below.

### Functions and data included in the package

To fit a DLIM using this package, use the `dlim` function, which calls the `cross_basis` function to create the cross-basis and estimates regression coefficients using `mgcv` package.

The `predict.dlim` S3 function provides point-wise or cumulative effect estimates and uncertainty measures.

The `plot_DLF` and `plot_cumulative` functions provide plots of the modified distributed lag functions and the cumulative effect estimate curve.

## Additional information

Additonal details on the package **dlim** are available in the vignette, available by typing:

```
vignette("dlimOverview")
```

The **dlim** package is available on the Comprehensive R Archive Network (CRAN). A development website is available on GitHub ([github.com/ddemateis/dlim](https://github.com/ddemateis/dlim)).

Please use `citation("dlim")` to cite this package.

## Author(s)

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## References

Demateis et al. (2024) <doi:10.1002/env.2843>, avaible at ([arxiv.org/abs/2401.02939](https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.02939)).

## See Also

Type 'vignette(dlimOverview)' for a detailed description.

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`cross_basis`

*Build crossbasis*

---

## Description

Creates cross-basis using natural splines for regression in DLIM

## Usage

```
cross_basis(  
  x,  
  M,  
  L = NULL,  
  argmod = list(),  
  arglag = list(),  
  model_type = "nonlinear"  
)
```

## Arguments

- |                |   |
|----------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | a numeric time series vector of length n or matrix of lagged exposures (columns) for n individuals (rows)   |
| <code>M</code> | vector of length n containing modifier values   |
| <code>L</code> | a numeric vector of length 1 containing the number of lag terms. This is required if <code>x</code> is vector, and is not used if <code>x</code> is a matrix. |

<code>argmod</code>	a list: \$fun is the spline function for the modifier ("ps" or "cr" to penalize), \$arg is a list of arguments for the spline function (must be named by argument), \$df is the degrees of freedom, \$sp is optional smoothing parameter
<code>arglag</code>	a list: \$fun is the spline function for the lag ("ps" or "cr" to penalize), \$arg is a list of arguments for the spline function (must be named by argument), \$df is the degrees of freedom, \$sp is optional smoothing parameter
<code>model_type</code>	"linear" for a DLIM with linear interaction (linear modifier basis), "quadratic" for a DLIM with quadratic interaction (quadratic modifier basis), "nonlinear" for a DLIM with non-linear interaction (spline modifier basis)

**Value**

This function returns a list of 5 or 6 elements:

<code>cb</code>	cross-basis (matrix)
<code>B_lag</code>	lag basis (basis matrix)
<code>B_mod</code>	modifier basis (basis matrix)
<code>df_l</code>	lag degrees of freedom (numeric)
<code>df_m</code>	modifier degrees of freedom (numeric)
<code>L</code>	number of lags (numeric)
<code>Slist</code>	lag and modifier penalty matrices, if penalizing (list)

**See Also**

[dlim](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

*dlim*

*Fit DLIM*

**Description**

Fit distributed lag interaction model

**Usage**

```
dlim(
  y,
  x,
  modifiers,
  z = NULL,
  df_m = NULL,
  df_l,
  penalize = TRUE,
  pen_fn = "ps",
```

```

    mod_args = NULL,
    lag_args = NULL,
    fit_fn = "gam",
    model_type = "nonlinear",
    ID = NULL,
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

y	vector of response values (class "numeric")
x	matrix of exposure history (columns) for individuals (rows) (class "matrix")
modifiers	vector of modifying values (class "numeric")
z	matrix of covariates, not including the modifier (class "matrix")
df_m	degrees of freedom for modifier basis. Cannot specify for linear modification (model_type = "linear") (class "numeric")
df_l	degrees of freedom for exposure time basis (class "numeric")
penalize	TRUE to penalize model (class "logical")
pen_fn	if penalizing, can specify "ps" for penalized B-splines or "cr" for cubic regression splines with penalties on second derivatives
mod_args	a list of additional arguments for the spline function (must be named by argument)
lag_args	a list of additional arguments for the spline function (must be named by argument)
fit_fn	specify "gam" to use the gam function for data sets that are not very large, and specify "bam" to use the bam function for data sets that are very large. Default will fit using gam. (class "character")
model_type	"linear" for a DLIM with linear interaction (linear modifier basis), "quadratic" for a DLIM with quadratic interaction (quadratic modifier basis), "nonlinear" for a DLIM with non-linear interaction (spline modifier basis)
ID	group identifier for random intercept, only supported for penalized models
...	Other arguments to pass to model fitting function

## Value

This function returns a list that is an object of class "dlim" with the following components

cb	cross-basis (class "matrix")
fit	model object (class "lm", "glm", "gam")
modifiers	modifying values (class "numeric")
call	model call

**See Also**

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

[predict.dlim](#)

[plot\\_cumulative](#)

[plot\\_DLF](#)

**Examples**

```
library(dlim)
data("ex_data")
dlim_fit <- dlim(y = ex_data$y,
                  x = ex_data$exposure,
                  modifier = ex_data$modifier,
                  z = ex_data$z,
                  df_m = 10,
                  df_l = 10)
dlim_pred <- predict(dlim_fit,
                      newdata = 0.5,
                      type="CE")
```

**exposure**

*Exposure data set for simulation*

**Description**

Data set of PM 2.5 exposure history for 1000 individuals over 37 weeks

**Usage**

`exposure`

**Format**

A data frame of 1000 rows and 37 columns

**Source**

Data source??

**Examples**

```
data(exposure) # lazy load
```

---

ex_data	<i>Example data set</i>
---------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Data set for examples

**Usage**

```
ex_data
```

**Format**

List of response, exposure, modifiers, covariates

**Source**

Simulated

**Examples**

```
data(ex_data) # lazy load
```

---

model_comparison	<i>Model Comparison</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Compare models to test for interaction

**Usage**

```
model_comparison(fit, null = "none", x, B, conf.level = 0.95)
```

**Arguments**

- |            |  |
|------------|--|
| fit        | dlim object (must be fit with REML)  |
| null       | specify the type of interaction in the null model, "none" for no interaction (standard DLM), "linear" for linear interaction (DLIM-linear), or "quadratic" for quadratic interaction |
| x          | exposure   |
| B          | number of bootstrap samples  |
| conf.level | The confidence level (class "numeric")   |

**Value**

The function returns a decision to either reject or fail to reject the null model. The object returned has an attribute "pval" that is the empirical bootstrap p-value

**See Also**

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.  
[dlim](#)

**plot\_cumulative**      *Plot Distributed Lag Function*

**Description**

Plot estimated distributed lag function values from a DLIM object, can also compare those of a DLM

**Usage**

```
plot_cumulative(
  new_modifiers,
  mod_fit,
  dlm_fit = NULL,
  mod_name = NULL,
  mod_trans = NULL,
  link_trans = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>new_modifiers</code>	a vector of new modifier values for prediction (class "numeric")
<code>mod_fit</code>	DLIM model object (class "dlim")
<code>dlm_fit</code>	a list containing a <code>crossbasis</code> object from the <b>dlnm</b> package as the first element and a DLM model object as the second element (class "list")
<code>mod_name</code>	modifier name (character)
<code>mod_trans</code>	if modifiers are transformed, specify back transformation function (class "character")
<code>link_trans</code>	if family for <code>glm</code> is not Gaussian, specify back transformation to undo link function (class "character")

**Value**

This function returns a ggplot for cumulative effects, including for a DLM if specified

**See Also**

[dlim](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

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<code>plot_DLF</code>	<i>Plot Cumulative Effects</i>
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---

## Description

Plot estimated cumulative effects from a DLIM object, can also compare estimated cumulative effects between a DLM and DLIM

## Usage

```
plot_DLF(
  new_modifiers,
  mod_fit,
  mod_name,
  dlm_fit = NULL,
  plot_by,
  exposure_time = NULL,
  exp_time_unit = "Time",
  time_pts = NULL,
  mod_trans = NULL,
  link_trans = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>new_modifiers</code>	a vector of new modifier values for prediction (class "numeric")
<code>mod_fit</code>	DLIM model object (class "dlm")
<code>mod_name</code>	modifier name that follows variable name nomenclature (class "character")
<code>dlm_fit</code>	a list containing a <code>crossbasis</code> object from the <b>dlnm</b> package as the first element and a DLM model object as the second element (class "list")
<code>plot_by</code>	choose to create plots for particular modifier values, "modifier", or particular time points, "time", (class "character")
<code>exposure_time</code>	optional vector of exposure-time points if the first time point does not correspond to exposure-time 1. Must have the same length as the number of exposure-time points (class "numeric")
<code>exp_time_unit</code>	option to provide the unit for the exposure time points, e.g., "month" or "week". Only used with <code>plot_by = "time"</code> for labeling cross-sections (class "character")
<code>time_pts</code>	a subset of exposure-time points if <code>plot_by = "time"</code> . Must be a subset of <code>exposure_time</code> points (class "numeric")
<code>mod_trans</code>	if modifiers are transformed, specify back transformation function (class "character")
<code>link_trans</code>	if family for <code>glm</code> is not Gaussian, specify back transformation to undo link function (class "character")

**Value**

This function returns a `ggplot` for point-wise effects isolated by either time points or modifier, including a DLM if specified

**See Also**

[dlim](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

`predict.dlim`

*DLIM Predictions*

**Description**

Predicted values based on a `dlim` object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'dlim'
predict(
  object,
  newdata = NULL,
  type = c("DLF", "CE", "response"),
  conf.level = 0.95,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	an object of class "dlim"
<code>newdata</code>	a vector of new modifier values for prediction (class "numeric")
<code>type</code>	Type of prediction. "DLF" for the estimated distributed lag functions, "CE" for cumulative effects, "response" for fitted values, or any combination of these in a vector (class "character")
<code>conf.level</code>	The confidence level (class "numeric")
...	additional arguments affecting the predictions produced

**Value**

This function returns a list of 3 elements:

<code>est_dlim</code>	cumulative and/or point-wise estimates, standard errors, and confidence intervals (class "list")
<code>cb</code>	cross-basis object (class "cross-basis")
<code>model</code>	model object (class "gam")

**See Also**[dlim](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

`predict.sim_dlim`      *Simulated DLIM Predictions*

**Description**

This function estimates cumulative and non-cumulative lag/modifier coefficients from a model in which the response is regressed on a cross-basis generated by the `cross_basis()` function.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'sim_dlim'
predict(object, newdata = NULL, type = c("DLF", "CE", "response"), ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	an object of class "dlim"
<code>newdata</code>	vector of modifiers for inference (class "numeric")
<code>type</code>	Type of prediction. "response" for predicted responses, "DLF" for the estimated distributed lag functions, "CE" for cumulative effects (class "character")
...	additional arguments affecting the predictions produced

**Value**

This function returns a list of 4 or 7 elements:

<code>est_dlim</code>	<code>est_dlim</code> element from <code>predict.dlim</code> (class "list")
<code>cb</code>	cross-basis from <code>object</code> (class "cross-basis")
<code>fit</code>	<code>fit</code> from <code>object</code> (class "lm", "glm", "gam")
<code>true_betas</code>	<code>true_betas</code> from <code>object</code> (class "matrix")
<code>cb_dlm</code>	<code>cb_dlm</code> from <code>object</code> (class "crosspred")
<code>model_dlm</code>	<code>model_dlm</code> from <code>object</code> (class "lm", "glm", "gam")
<code>est_dlm</code>	cumulative and/or point-wise estimates, standard errors, and confidence intervals for the DLM (class "list")

**See Also**[predict.dlim](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

`print.dlim`                  *Print DLIM Information*

### Description

prints information about an object of class `dlim`

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dlim'
print(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	a <code>dlim</code> object
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

### Value

This function returns information about an object of class `dlim`

### See Also

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

`sim_data`                  *Simulate Data*

### Description

Simulate data to use with the `dlim` package. There are different effect modification scenarios to choose for simulation.

### Usage

```
sim_data(
  x,
  L = NULL,
  modifiers,
  noise = 1,
  type = 2,
  SNR,
  ncovariates = 0,
  gamma = 1
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	a time series vector of length $n$ or matrix of lagged exposures for $n$ individuals (class "numeric", "matrix")
<code>L</code>	a vector of length 1 containing the number of lag terms. This is required if <code>x</code> is a vector, and is not used if <code>x</code> is a matrix (class "numeric")
<code>modifiers</code>	vector of length $n$ containing modifying values (class "numeric")
<code>noise</code>	a vector of length 1 containing the standard deviation for a normal distribution with mean 0 used to add noise to the simulated response values. Must provide if SNR is not provided (class "numeric")
<code>type</code>	a vector containing the number 1, 2, 3, or 4 for simulation modification type: none, linear, non-linear shift, non-linear shift with linear scale (class "numeric")
<code>SNR</code>	The signal-to-noise ratio. If SNR is provided, but noise is not, noise is reset to be the standard deviation of the response, before adding noise. (class "numeric")
<code>ncovariates</code>	number of covariates to add to the model, numeric vector of length 1.
<code>gamma</code>	True coefficient for the main effect of the modifier (class "numeric")

## Value

This returns a list of 8 items:

<code>x</code>	a lagged exposure matrix. If <code>x</code> was a matrix, it is unchanged. (class "matrix")
<code>L</code>	a numeric vector of length 1 containing the number of lag terms (class "numeric")
<code>modifiers</code>	the <code>modifiers</code> argument (class "numeric")
<code>y</code>	a numeric vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> containing the perturbed simulated response values. (class "numeric")
<code>betas</code>	a matrix containing true coefficients for each lag/modifier combination, with each row representing a lag and each column a modifier (class "matrix")
<code>betas_cumul</code>	a numeric vector of length <code>L+1</code> containing cumulative true coefficients for the lag terms, summed over modifiers (class "numeric")
<code>Z</code>	covariates (class "matrix")
<code>gammas</code>	true coefficients for the covariates (class "numeric")

## See Also

[sim\\_dlim](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

**sim\_dlf***Simulate Distributed Lag Functions***Description**

generate true distributed lag function values for a given type of simulation

**Usage**

```
sim_dlf(L, modifiers, type)
```

**Arguments**

<code>L</code>	Number of lags minus 1
<code>modifiers</code>	Vector of modifiers
<code>type</code>	Effect modification simulation type: 1 is no modification, 2 is linear scale modification, 3 is non-linear shift modification, 4 is types 2 and 3 combined

**Value**

This function returns the true distributed lag function values (class "numeric")

**See Also**

[sim\\_data](#)

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

**sim\_dlim***Fit DLIM for simulation***Description**

Fit DLIM for simulation

**Usage**

```
sim_dlim(
  data,
  df_m,
  df_l,
  penalize = TRUE,
  pen_fn = "ps",
  mod_args = NULL,
  lag_args = NULL,
  fit_dlm = FALSE,
```

```
model_type = "nonlinear",
...
)
```

**Arguments**

data	output from sim_data
df_m	degrees of freedom for modifiers
df_l	degrees of freedom for lags
penalize	True to penalize model
pen_fn	if penalizing, can specify "ps" for penalized B-splines or "cr" for cubic regression splines with penalties on second derivatives
mod_args	a list of additional arguments for the spline function (must be named by argument)
lag_args	a list of additional arguments for the spline function (must be named by argument)
fit_dlm	True to additionally fit dlm for comparison
model_type	"linear" for a DLIM with linear interaction (linear modifier basis), "quadratic" for a DLIM with quadratic interaction (quadratic modifier basis), "nonlinear" for a DLIM with non-linear interaction (spline modifier basis)
...	arguments to pass to model fitting function

**Value**

This function returns an object of class "sim\_dlim"

cb	DLIM cross-basis (class "cross-basis")
fit	DLIM model fit (class "lm", "glm", "gam")
cb_dlm	DLM cross-basis (class "crossbasis")
model_dlm	DLM model fit (class "lm", "glm", "gam")
true_betas	true linear effect of the exposure on the response for each individual and time point (class "matrix")
modifiers	modifiers from numeric
data	data (class "list")

**See Also**

[dlim](#)

[sim\\_data](#)

Type vignette('dlimOverview') for a detailed description.

---

summary.dlim

*Summarizing DLIM*

---

## Description

prints summary of object of class `dlim`

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dlim'  
summary(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	a <code>dlim</code> object
<code>...</code>	additional arguments affecting the summary produced

## Value

This function returns a summary for an object of class `dlim`

## See Also

Type `vignette('dlimOverview')` for a detailed description.

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