Package 'lodi'

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Type Package

Title Limit of Detection Imputation for Single-Pollutant Models

Version 0.9.2

URL https://github.com/umich-cphds/lodi

BugReports https://github.com/umich-cphds/lodi/issues

Description Impute observed values below the limit of detection (LOD) via censored likelihood multiple imputation (CLMI) in single-pollutant models, developed by Boss et al (2019) <doi:10.1097/EDE.000000000001052>. CLMI handles exposure detection limits that may change throughout the course of exposure assessment. 'lodi' provides functions for imputing and pooling for this method.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 3.1.0)

Imports stats, rlang (>= 0.3.0)

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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clmi

Censored Likelihood Multiple Imputation

Description

This function performs censored likelihood multiple imputation for single-pollutant models where the pollutant of interest is subject to varying detection limits across batches (this function will also work if there is only one distinct detection limit). The function outputs a list containing the imputed datasets and details regarding the imputation procedure (i.e., number of imputed dataset, covariates used to impute the non-detects, etc).

Usage

clmi(formula, df, lod, seed, n.imps = 5, verbose = FALSE)

Arguments

formula	A formula in the form of exposure ~ outcome + covariates. That is, the first variable on the right hand side of formula should be the outcome of interest.
df	A data.frame with exposure, outcome and covariates.
lod	Name of limit of detection variable in df.
seed	For reproducability.
n.imps	Number of datasets to impute. Default is 5.
verbose	If TRUE, clmi prints out useful debugging information while running. Default is FALSE.

Details

clmi is somewhat picky regarding the formula parameter. It tries to infer what transformation you'd like to apply to the exposure you are imputing, what the exposure is, and what the outcome is. It attempts to check to make sure that everything is working correctly, but it can fail. Roughly, the rules are:

- The left hand side of formula should be the exposure you are trying to impute.
- The exposure may be optionally wrapped in a univariate transformation function. If the transformation function is not univariate, you ought to get an error about a "complicated" transformation.
- The first variable on the right hand side of formula should be your outcome of interest.

lod_cca

Note

- clmi only supports categorical variables that are numeric, (i.e., not factors or characters). You can use the model.matrix function to convert a data frame with factors to a numeric design matrix and subsequently convert that matrix back into a data frame using as.data.frame.
- If you get the error message "L-BFGS-B needs finite values of 'fn'", try normalising your data.

References

Boss J, Mukherjee B, Ferguson KK, et al. Estimating outcome-exposure associations when exposure biomarker detection limits vary across batches. Epidemiology. 2019;30(5):746-755. 10.1097/EDE.00000000001052

Examples

library(lodi)

```
# Note that the outcome of interest is the first variable on the right hand
# side of the formula.
clmi.out <- clmi(poll ~ case_cntrl + smoking + gender, toy_data, lod, 1)
# you can specify a transformation to the exposure in the formula
```

clmi.out <- clmi(log(poll) ~ case_cntrl + smoking + gender, toy_data, lod, 1)

lod_cca

Single pollutant complete case analysis.

Description

lod_cca is a helper function that does complete case analysis for single pollutant models. The function can be used to compare with clmi.

Usage

lod_cca(formula, df, type)

Arguments

formula	A R formula in the form outcome \sim exposure + covariates.
df	A data.frame that contains the variables formula references.
type	The type of regression to perform. Acceptable options are linear and logistic

Examples

```
library(lodi)
# load lodi's toy data
data("toy_data")
x <- lod_cca(case_cntrl ~ poll + smoking + gender, toy_data, logistic)
# see the fit model
x$model</pre>
```

```
lod_root2
```

Single pollutant sqrt(2) imputation.

Description

lod_root2 is a helper function that performs single imputation with lod / sqrt(2), a common ad hoc approach used in single-pollutant modeling. The function can be used to compare with clmi.

Usage

lod_root2(formula, df, lod, type)

Arguments

formula	A R formula in the form outcome \sim exposure + covariates.
df	A data.frame that contains the variables formula references.
lod	Name of the limit of detection variable.
type	The type of regression to perform. Acceptable options are linear and logistic.

Note

Depending on the transformation used, a "Complicated transformation" error may occur. For example, the transformation a * exposure will cause an error. In this case, define a transformation function as f <- function(exposure) a * exposure and use f in your formula. This technical limitation is unavoidable at the moment.

Examples

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pool.clmi

pool.clmi

```
Calculate pooled estimates from clmi.out objects using Rubin's rules
```

Description

Calculate pooled estimates from clmi.out objects using Rubin's rules

Usage

pool.clmi(formula, clmi.out, type)

Arguments

formula	Formula to fit. Exposure variable should end in _transform_imputed.
clmi.out	An object generated by clmi.
type	Type of regression to pool. Valid types are logistic and linear.

Examples

results\$output

toy_data

Description

Synthetic toy data for clmi

Usage

toy_data

Format

A data.frame with 100 observations on 6 variables:

id Patient ID number.

case_cntrl Patient's case-control status. Either 1 or 0.

poll Concentration of pollutant in patient's blood sample.

smoking Smoking status. Either 1 or 0.

gender Gender. 1 for male, 0 for female.

batch1 Batch status. Integer

lod batch's limit of detection for patient.

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