Package 'motifcluster'

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Title Motif-Based Spectral Clustering of Weighted Directed Networks

Version 0.2.3

Description Tools for spectral clustering of weighted directed networks using motif adjacency matrices. Methods perform well on large and sparse networks, and random sampling methods for generating weighted directed networks are also provided. Based on methodology detailed in Underwood, Elliott and Cucuringu (2020) <arXiv:2004.01293>.

URL https://github.com/wgunderwood/motifcluster

Language en-US

BugReports https://github.com/wgunderwood/motifcluster/issues

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Author William George Underwood [aut, cre]

Maintainer William George Underwood <wgu2@princeton.edu>

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build_laplacian Build a Laplacian matrix

Description

Build a Laplacian matrix (combinatorial Laplacian or random-walk Laplacian) from a symmetric (weighted) graph adjacency matrix.

Usage

```
build_laplacian(adj_mat, type_lap = c("comb", "rw"))
```

Arguments

adj_mat	Symmetric adjacency matrix from which to build the Laplacian.
type_lap	Type of Laplacian to build. One of "comb" (combinatorial) or "rw" (random-walk).

Value

The specified Laplacian matrix.

Examples

```
adj_mat <- matrix(c(1:9), nrow = 3)
build_laplacian(adj_mat, "rw")</pre>
```

build_motif_adjacency_matrix

Build a motif adjacency matrix

Description

Build a motif adjacency matrix from an adjacency matrix.

Usage

```
build_motif_adjacency_matrix(
   adj_mat,
   motif_name,
   motif_type = c("struc", "func"),
   mam_weight_type = c("unweighted", "mean", "poisson"),
   mam_method = c("sparse", "dense")
)
```

Arguments

adj_mat	Adjacency matrix from which to build the motif adjacency matrix.
<pre>motif_name</pre>	Motif used for the motif adjacency matrix.
<pre>motif_type</pre>	Type of motif adjacency matrix to build. One of "func" or "struc".
<pre>mam_weight_type</pre>	2
	The weighting scheme to use. One of "unweighted", "mean" or "product".
mam_method	Which formulation to use. One of "dense" or "sparse". The sparse formula- tion avoids generating large dense matrices so tends to be faster for large sparse graphs.

Details

Entry (i, j) of a motif adjacency matrix is the sum of the weights of all motifs containing both nodes i and j. The motif is specified by name and the type of motif instance can be one of:

- Functional: motifs should appear as subgraphs.
- Structural: motifs should appear as induced subgraphs.

The weighting scheme can be one of:

- Unweighted: the weight of any motif instance is one.
- Mean: the weight of any motif instance is the mean of its edge weights.
- Product: the weight of any motif instance is the product of its edge weights.

Value

A motif adjacency matrix.

Examples

```
adj_mat <- matrix(c(1:9), nrow = 3)
build_motif_adjacency_matrix(adj_mat, "M1", "func", "mean")
```

get_largest_component Get largest connected component

Description

Get the indices of the vertices in the largest connected component of a graph from its adjacency matrix.

Usage

get_largest_component(adj_mat)

Arguments

adj_mat An adjacency matrix of a graph.

Value

A vector of indices corresponding to the vertices in the largest connected component.

Examples

```
adj_mat <- matrix(c(0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0), nrow = 3)
get_largest_component(adj_mat)</pre>
```

get_motif_names Get common motif names

Description

Get the names of some common motifs as strings.

Usage

get_motif_names()

Value

A vector of names (strings) of common motifs.

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kmeanspp

Description

Use the kmeans++ algorithm to cluster points into k clusters, as implemented in the deprecated LICORS package, using the built-in function kmeans.

Usage

kmeanspp(data, k = 2, iter.max = 100, nstart = 10, ...)

Arguments

data	An $N \times d$ matrix, where there are N samples in dimension d.
k	The number of clusters.
iter.max	The maximum number of iterations.
nstart	The number of restarts.
	Additional arguments passed to kmeans.

Value

A list with 9 entries:

- cluster: A vector of integers from 1:k indicating the cluster to which each point is allocated.
- centers: A matrix of cluster centers.
- totss: The total sum of squares.
- withinss: Vector of within-cluster sum of squares, one component per cluster.
- tot.withinss: Total within-cluster sum of squares, i.e.sum(withinss).
- betweenss: The between-cluster sum of squares, i.e.totss-tot.withinss.
- size: The number of points in each cluster.
- iter: The number of (outer) iterations.
- ifault: An integer indicator of a possible algorithm problem.
- initial.centers: The initial centers used.

References

Arthur, D. and S. Vassilvitskii (2007). "k-means++: The advantages of careful seeding." In H. Gabow (Ed.), Proceedings of the 18th Annual ACM-SIAM Symposium on Discrete Algorithms [SODA07], Philadelphia, pp. 1027-1035. Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics.

See Also

kmeans

Examples

```
set.seed(1984)
n <- 100
X = matrix(rnorm(n), ncol = 2)
Y = matrix(runif(length(X)*2, -1, 1), ncol = ncol(X))
Z = rbind(X, Y)
cluster_Z = kmeanspp(Z, k = 5)</pre>
```

random_sparse_matrix Build a random sparse matrix

Description

Build a sparse matrix of size m * n with non-zero probability p. Edge weights can be unweighted, constant-weighted or Poisson-weighted.

Usage

```
random_sparse_matrix(m, n, p, sample_weight_type = "constant", w = 1)
```

Arguments

m, n	Dimension of matrix to build is (m, n).
р	Probability that each entry is non-zero (before weighting).
<pre>sample_weight_t</pre>	type
	Type of weighting scheme.
w	Weight parameter.

Value

A random sparse matrix.

run_laplace_embedding Run Laplace embedding

Description

Run Laplace embedding on a symmetric (weighted) adjacency matrix with a specified number of eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

Usage

```
run_laplace_embedding(adj_mat, num_eigs, type_lap = c("comb", "rw"))
```

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Arguments

adj_mat	Symmetric adjacency matrix to be embedded.
num_eigs	Number of eigenvalues and eigenvectors for the embedding.
type_lap	Type of Laplacian for the embedding. One of "comb" (combinatorial) or "rw" (random-walk).

Value

A list with two entries: vals contains the length-num_eigs vector of the first few eigenvalues of the Laplacian, and vects contains an nrow(adj_mat) by num_eigs matrix of the associated eigenvectors.

Examples

```
adj_mat <- matrix(c(1:9), nrow = 3)
run_laplace_embedding(adj_mat, 2, "rw")</pre>
```

run_motif_clustering Run motif-based clustering

Description

Run motif-based clustering on the adjacency matrix of a (weighted directed) network, using a specified motif, motif type, weighting scheme, embedding dimension, number of clusters and Laplacian type.

Usage

```
run_motif_clustering(
    adj_mat,
    motif_name,
    motif_type = c("struc", "func"),
    mam_weight_type = c("unweighted", "mean", "product"),
    mam_method = c("sparse", "dense"),
    num_eigs = 2,
    type_lap = c("comb", "rw"),
    restrict = TRUE,
    num_clusts = 2
)
```

Arguments

adj_mat	Adjacency matrix to be embedded.
motif_name	Motif used for the motif adjacency matrix.
motif_type	Type of motif adjacency matrix to use. One of "func" or "struc".

<pre>mam_weight_type</pre>	
	Weighting scheme for the motif adjacency matrix. One of "unweighted", "mean" or "product".
mam_method	The method to use for building the motif adjacency matrix. One of "sparse" or "dense".
num_eigs	Number of eigenvalues and eigenvectors for the embedding.
type_lap	Type of Laplacian for the embedding. One of "comb" or "rw".
restrict	Whether or not to restrict the motif adjacency matrix to its largest connected component before embedding.
num_clusts	The number of clusters to find.

Value

A list with 8 entries:

- adj_mat: the original adjacency matrix.
- motif_adj_mat: the motif adjacency matrix.
- comps: the indices of the largest connected component of the motif adjacency matrix (if restrict = TRUE).
- adj_mat_comps: the original adjacency matrix restricted to the largest connected component of the motif adjacency matrix (if restrict = TRUE).
- motif_adj_mat_comps: the motif adjacency matrix restricted to its largest connected component (if restrict = TRUE).
- vals: a length-num_eigs vector containing the eigenvalues associated with the Laplace embedding of the (restricted) motif adjacency matrix.
- vects: a matrix containing the eigenvectors associated with the Laplace embedding of the (restricted) motif adjacency matrix.
- clusts: a vector containing integers representing the cluster assignment of each vertex in the (restricted) graph.

Examples

```
adj_mat <- matrix(c(1:16), nrow = 4)
run_motif_clustering(adj_mat, "M1", "func")</pre>
```

run_motif_embedding Run motif embedding

Description

Calculate a motif adjacency matrix for a given motif and motif type, restrict it to its largest connected component, and then run Laplace embedding with specified Laplacian type and number of eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

run_motif_embedding

Usage

```
run_motif_embedding(
    adj_mat,
    motif_name,
    motif_type = c("struc", "func"),
    mam_weight_type = c("unweighted", "mean", "product"),
    mam_method = c("sparse", "dense"),
    num_eigs = 2,
    type_lap = c("comb", "rw"),
    restrict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

adj_mat	Adjacency matrix to be embedded.
<pre>motif_name</pre>	Motif used for the motif adjacency matrix.
<pre>motif_type</pre>	Type of motif adjacency matrix to use. One of "func" or "struc".
<pre>mam_weight_typ</pre>	e
	Weighting scheme for the motif adjacency matrix. One of "unweighted", "mean" or "product".
mam_method	The method to use for building the motif adjacency matrix. One of "sparse" or "dense".
num_eigs	Number of eigenvalues and eigenvectors for the embedding.
type_lap	Type of Laplacian for the embedding. One of "comb" or "rw".
restrict	Whether or not to restrict the motif adjacency matrix to its largest connected component before embedding.

Value

A list with 7 entries:

- adj_mat: the original adjacency matrix.
- motif_adj_mat: the motif adjacency matrix.
- comps: the indices of the largest connected component of the motif adjacency matrix (if restrict = TRUE).
- adj_mat_comps: the original adjacency matrix restricted to the largest connected component of the motif adjacency matrix (if restrict = TRUE).
- motif_adj_mat_comps: the motif adjacency matrix restricted to its largest connected component (if restrict = TRUE).
- vals: a length-num_eigs vector containing the eigenvalues associated with the Laplace embedding of the (restricted) motif adjacency matrix.
- vects: a matrix containing the eigenvectors associated with the Laplace embedding of the (restricted) motif adjacency matrix.

Examples

```
adj_mat <- matrix(c(1:9), nrow = 3)
run_motif_embedding(adj_mat, "M1", "func")</pre>
```

sample_bsbm

Sample a bipartite stochastic block model (BSBM)

Description

Sample the (weighted) adjacency matrix of a (weighted) bipartite stochastic block model (BSBM) with specified parameters.

Usage

```
sample_bsbm(
  source_block_sizes,
  dest_block_sizes,
  bipartite_connection_matrix,
  bipartite_weight_matrix = NULL,
  sample_weight_type = c("unweighted", "constant", "poisson")
)
```

Arguments

source_block_sizes
A vector containing the size of each block of source vertices.
dest_block_sizes
A vector containing the size of each block of destination vertices.
bipartite_connection_matrix
A matrix containing the source block to destination block connection probabili-
ties.
bipartite_weight_matrix
A matrix containing the source block to destination block weight parameters.
Unused for sample_weight_type = "constant". Defaults to NULL.
sample_weight_type
The type of weighting scheme. One of "unweighted", "constant" or "poisson".

Value

A randomly sampled (weighted) adjacency matrix of a BSBM.

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sample_dsbm

Examples

```
sample_dsbm
```

Sample a directed stochastic block model (DSBM)

Description

Sample the (weighted) adjacency matrix of a (weighted) directed stochastic block model (DSBM) with specified parameters.

Usage

```
sample_dsbm(
    block_sizes,
    connection_matrix,
    weight_matrix = NULL,
    sample_weight_type = c("unweighted", "constant", "poisson")
)
```

Arguments

block_sizes	A vector containing the size of each block of vertices.
connection_mat	rix
	A matrix containing the block-to-block connection probabilities.
weight_matrix	A matrix containing the block-to-block weight parameters. Unused for sample_weight_type = "constant". Defaults to NULL.
sample_weight_	type
	The type of weighting scheme. One of "unweighted", "constant" or "poisson".

Value

A randomly sampled (weighted) adjacency matrix of a DSBM.

Examples

```
block_sizes <- c(10, 10)
connection_matrix <- matrix(c(0.8, 0.1, 0.1, 0.8), nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
weight_matrix <- matrix(c(10, 3, 3, 10), nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
sample_dsbm(block_sizes, connection_matrix, weight_matrix, "poisson")</pre>
```

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